§270.17a-9

2(a)(42))) of any Merging Company that is not a Surviving Company, unless—

- (i) No policy of the Merging Company that under section 13 of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-13) could not be changed without a vote of a majority of its outstanding voting securities, is materially different from a policy of the Surviving Company;
- (ii) No advisory contract between the Merging Company and any investment adviser thereof is materially different from an advisory contract between the Surviving Company and any investment adviser thereof, except for the identity of the investment companies as a party to the contract;
- (iii) Directors of the Merging Company who are not interested persons of the Merging Company and who were elected by its shareholders, will comprise a majority of the directors of the Surviving Company who are not interested persons of the Surviving Company; and
- (iv) Any distribution fees (as a percentage of the fund's average net assets) authorized to be paid by the Surviving Company pursuant to a plan adopted in accordance with §270.12b-1 are no greater than the distribution fees (as a percentage of the fund's average net assets) authorized to be paid by the Merging Company pursuant to such a plan.
- (4) Board composition. The board of directors of the Merging Company satisfies the fund governance standards defined in §270.0–1(a)(7).
- (5) Merger records. Any Surviving Company preserves written records that describe the Merger and its terms for six years after the Merger (and for the first two years in an easily accessible place).
- (b) *Definitions*. For purposes of this section:
- (1) Merger means the merger, consolidation, or purchase or sale of substantially all of the assets between a registered investment company (or a series thereof) and another company;
 - (2) Eligible Unregistered Fund means:
- (i) A collective trust fund, as described in section 3(c)(11) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)(11));
- (ii) A common trust fund or similar fund, as described in section 3(c)(3) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)(3)); or

- (iii) A separate account, as described in section 2(a)(37) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(37)), that is neither registered under section 8 of the Act, nor required to be so registered:
- (3) Independent Evaluator means a person who has expertise in the valuation of securities and other financial assets and who is not an interested person, as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a–2(a)(19)), of the Eligible Unregistered Fund or any affiliate thereof except the Merging Company; and
- (4) Surviving Company means a company in which shareholders of a Merging Company will obtain an interest as a result of a Merger.

[67 FR 48518, July 24, 2002, as amended at 69 FR 46389, Aug. 2, 2004]

§ 270.17a-9 Purchase of certain securities from a money market fund by an affiliate, or an affiliate of an affiliate.

The purchase of a security that is no longer an Eligible Security (as defined in paragraph (a)(10) of §270.2a-7) from an open-end investment company holding itself out as a "money market" fund shall be exempt from section 17(a) of the Act [15 U.S.C. 80a-17(a)], provided that:

- (a) The purchase price is paid in cash; and
- (b) The purchase price is equal to the greater of the amortized cost of the security or its market price (in each case, including accrued interest).

[61 FR 13983, Mar. 28, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 64986, Dec. 9, 1997]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 75 FR 10117, Mar. 4, 2010, §270.17a-9 was revised, effective May 5, 2010. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

§ 270.17a-9 Purchase of certain securities from a money market fund by an affiliate, or an affiliate of an affiliate.

The purchase of a security from the portfolio of an open-end investment company holding itself out as a money market fund by any affiliated person or promoter of or principal underwriter for the money market fund or any affiliated person of such person shall be exempt from section 17(a) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-17(a)): provided that:

(a) In the case of a portfolio security that has ceased to be an Eligible Security (as defined in §270.2a–7(a)(12)), or has defaulted

Securities and Exchange Commission

(other than an immaterial default unrelated to the financial condition of the issuer):

- (1) The purchase price is paid in cash; and (2) The purchase price is equal to the greater of the amortized cost of the security or its market price (in each case, including accrued interest).
- (b) In the case of any other portfolio security:
- (1) The purchase price meets the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) and (2) of this section; and
- (2) In the event that the purchaser thereafter sells the security for a higher price than the purchase price paid to the money market fund, the purchaser shall promptly pay to the fund the amount by which the subsequent sale price exceeds the purchase price paid to the fund.

§ 270.17a-10 Exemption for transactions with certain subadvisory af-

- (a) Exemption. A person that is prohibited by section 17(a) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-17(a)) from entering into a transaction with a fund solely because such person is, or is an affiliated person of, a subadviser of the fund, or a subadviser of a fund that is under common control with the fund, may none-theless enter into such transaction, if:
- (1) Prohibited relationship. The person is not, and is not an affiliated person of, an investment adviser responsible for providing advice with respect to the portion of the fund for which the transaction is entered into, or of any promoter, underwriter, officer, director, member of an advisory board, or employee of the fund.
- (2) Prohibited conduct. The advisory contracts of the subadviser that is (or whose affiliated person is) entering into the transaction, and any subadviser that is advising the fund (or portion of the fund) entering into the transaction:
- (i) Prohibit them from consulting with each other concerning transactions for the fund in securities or other assets; and
- (ii) If both such subadvisers are responsible for providing investment advice to the fund, limit the subadvisers' responsibility in providing advice with respect to a discrete portion of the fund's portfolio.
- (b) Definitions. (1) Fund means a registered investment company and includes a separate series of a registered investment company.

(2) Subadviser means an investment adviser as defined in section 2(a)(20)(B) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(20)(B)).

[68 FR 3153, Jan. 22, 2003]

§ 270.17d-1 Applications regarding joint enterprises or arrangements and certain profit-sharing plans.

- (a) No affiliated person of or principal underwriter for any registered investment company (other than a company of the character described in section 12(d)(3) (A) and (B) of the Act) and no affiliated person of such a person or principal underwriter, acting as principal, shall participate in, or effect any transaction in connection with, any joint enterprise or other joint arrangement or profit-sharing plan in which any such registered company, or a company controlled by such registered company, is a participant, and which is entered into, adopted or modified subsequent to the effective date of this rule, unless an application regarding such joint enterprise, arrangement or profit-sharing plan has been filed with the Commission and has been granted by an order entered prior to the submission of such plan or modification to security holders for approval, or prior to such adoption or modification if not so submitted, except that the provisions of this rule shall not preclude any affiliated person from acting as manager of any underwriting syndicate or other group in which such registered or controlled company is a participant and receiving compensation therefor.
- (b) In passing upon such applications, the Commission will consider whether the participation of such registered or controlled company in such joint enterprise, joint arrangement or profit-sharing plan on the basis proposed is consistent with the provisions, policies and purposes of the Act and the extent to which such participation is on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of other participants.
- (c) "Joint enterprise or other joint arrangement or profit-sharing plan" as used in this section shall mean any written or oral plan, contract, authorization or arrangement, or any practice